1. **Remove heavy thinning (<40% canopy cover) in NSO critical habitat.** This would result in removal of the heavy thinning prescription on **150 acres.** Bark believes that loss of this habitat will be result in a loss of structural diversity over the long term, not an increase in structural diversity.

2. **Remove Units 100 & 158.** These units would require 0.2 miles of NEW road construction in B8 Earthflows and Riparian Reserves (Unit 158 = **17.4 acres**, Unit 100 = **8.4 acres**). Building new roads in earthflows and riparian reserves is at odds with any restorative value this project has, and opens the door to roads inappropriately being reopened for future projects.

3. **Remove Units 194 & 196.** These units would require rebuilding temporary roads over stream crossings, in Riparian Reserves. Unit 194 = **3.8 acres**, Unit 196 = **36.8 acres** Unpredictable but likely effects to local stream habitat and water quality.

4. **Remove areas that require rebuilding 1.52 miles of actively decommissioned road.** Totaling **129 acres.** Rebuilding previously decommissioned roads will result in more impacted conditions than exist on the ground now, since roads will be "rehabilitated" to a lesser extent than they are currently decommissioned.

5. **Remove Unit 180 (Including Riparian Reserves, B8 Earthflows, and NSO Critical Habitat).** Totaling **68.5 acres.**

6. **Remove Unit 228 (Including NSO Critical Habitat, Late Successional Reserves).** Totaling **27.6 acres.**